



VIDYA BHARATI SCHOOL

Olympiad Sheet – Social Science

Class IX Month : August

Q.1. Who among the following are resource creating factors as well as resources themselves?

- (a) Animals
- (b) Plants
- (c) Human beings
- (d) Nature

Q.2. In which of the following instances does a natural event like a flood or Tsunami become a 'disaster'?

- (a) Only when they affect a crowded village or town
- (b) When the natural events are of great intensity
- (c) When they happen in the environment
- (d) When they affect large uninhabited areas

Q.3. The numbers, distribution, growth and characteristics of which of the following provide the basic background for understanding and appreciating all aspects of the environment?

- (a) Natural resource
- (b) Population
- (c) Flora
- (d) Fauna

Q.4. Why is it important to know how many people are there in a country, where do they live, how and why their numbers are increasing and what are their characteristics?

- (a) Population is the pivotal element in social studies
- (b) To exploit the natural resources of the country
- (c) Human beings are producers and consumers of resources
- (d) None of the above

Q.5. From which of the following do we get information regarding the population of our country?

- (a) Textbooks
- (b) Survey of India
- (c) Census
- (d) Geological Survey of India

Q.6. Which of the following is a major concern of study about the population of a country?

- (a) Population size and distribution
- (b) Population growth and processes of population change
- (c) Characteristics or qualities of the population
- (d) All the above

Q.7. India accounts for what percentage of the world population?

- (a) 1.02 per cent
- (b) 2.4 per cent
- (c) 3.28 per cent
- (d) 16.7 per cent

Q.8. Which is the most populous state of India?

- (a) Maharashtra
- (b) Uttar Pradesh
- (c) Madhya Pradesh
- (d) Rajasthan

9. Who advocated government based on Social Contract?

- (a) Darwin
- (b) Spencer
- (c) Rousseau
- (d) Montesquieu

10. Division of power within the government was put forth in

- (a) 'Two Treaties of Government'
- (b) 'The Spirit of the Laws'
- (c) 'Le Moniteur Universal'
- (d) 'The Social Contract'

11. King in France at the time of the Revolution

- (a) Louis XIV
- (b) Louis XVI
- (c) Marie Antoinette
- (d) Nicholas II

12. Political body of France

- (a) Duma
- (b) Reichstag
- (c) Lok Sabha
- (d) Estates General

13. Voting in the Estates General was conducted on the principle of

- (a) each member one vote
- (b) male adult franchise
- (c) universal adult franchise
- (d) each Estate one vote

14. The Estates General was last convened in

- (a) 1604
- (b) 1614

(c) 1416

(d) 1641

15. Where did the Third Estate form and announce the National Assembly?

(a) Indoor Tennis Court

(b) Hall of Mirrors

(c) Firoz Shah Ground

(d) Winter Palace

16. Members of the Third Estate were led by

(a) Louis XVI and Marie Antionette

(b) Lenin and Kerensky

(c) Mirabeau and Abbe Sieyes

(d) Rousseau and Voltaire

17. Which of the following was the main objective of the Constitution of 1791?

(a) to limit the powers of the king alone

(b) do away with feudal privileges

(c) give equal rights to women

(d) establish a constitutional monarchy

18. A broken chain symbolised

(a) Chains used to fetter slaves

(b) Strength lies in unity

(c) Royal power

(d) Act of becoming free

19. The winged woman personified

(?) National colours of France

(b) Act of becoming free

(c) Personification of Law

(d) Rays of the Sun will drive away the clouds of ignorance

20. Bundle of rods or fasces symbolised

(a) Royal power

(b) Equality before law

(c) Law is the same for all

(d) Strength lies in unity