



VIDYA BHARATI SCHOOL

OLYMPIAD WORK SHEET
FOR THE MONTH OF March -17
SOCIAL SCIENCE
CLASS-VII

Q1 This is a form of non-personal communication, by an identified sponsor, that is transmitted through the use of paid-for media:

- a) Advertising.
- b) Personal selling.
- c) Public relations.
- d) Public

Q2. _____ is very effective at delivering messages to target audiences as it allows for explanation in a way that most other media cannot.

- a) Digital
- b) Print
- c) Broadcast
- d) Outdoor

Q3. Users are able to create content and become more involved with a brand through:

- a) Door to door.
- b) Online communities.
- c) Direct mail.
- d) Telemarketing

Q4. The only fresh water lake in Sahara is:

- (a)Lake Rudolf
- (b)Lake Chad
- (c)Lake Nyasa
- (d)Lake Victoria

Q5. Which of the following species of trees does not grow in the Sahara?

- (a)willow
- (b)palm
- (c)baobab
- (d)acacia

Q6 Which of the following is a mountain pass in Ladakh?

- (a)Nathu La
- (b)Zoji La
- (c)Bomdi La
- (d)Shipki La

Q7. tributary of River Indus which flows through Ladakh is:

- (a) Beas
- (b) Satluj
- (c) Chenab
- (d) Jhelam

Q8. How would you define a `racial group`?

- (a) A group of persons defined by reference to their age and qualifications.
- (b) A group of persons defined by reference to colour, race, nationality or ethnic or national origins.
- (c) A group of persons defined by reference to their sexual orientation.
- (d) A group of persons defined by reference to their age and colour/race.

Q9. Which of the following best describes the term `direct discrimination`?

- (a) Where a person is treated less favourably because of e.g. their sex, race or disability.
- (b) Where a person is treated more favourably because of e.g. their sex, race or disability.
- (c) Where a person is recruited into a job because of e.g. their sex, race or disability.
- (d) Where a person is treated differently because they have a new job.

Q10. Which of the following statements concerning longitude is not correct?

- A) Longitude is depicted by north-south lines called meridians.
- B) Longitude is the angular distance east or west of the prime meridian.
- C) Meridians are parallel to the equator.
- D) Meridians converge at the poles

Q11. Modern geography traces its origins to the:

- A) 17th century.
- B) 18th century.
- C) 19th century.
- D) 20th century

Q12 The distance between the North and South Poles is:

- A) 0 degrees.
- B) 90 degrees.
- C) 180 degrees.
- D) 360 degrees.

Q13. The uppermost layer of the atmosphere is _____?

- (a) Troposphere
- (b) Exosphere
- (c) Mesosphere
- (d) Ionosphere

Q14. The approximate height of the atmosphere is _____?

- (a) 1200km
- (b) 1400km
- (b) 1500km
- (d) 1600km

Q15. All weather phenomena take place in the _____?

- (a) Troposphere
- (b) Stratosphere
- (c) Mesosphere
- (d) Thermosphere

Q16. The member of the _____ elect a speaker and a deputy speaker from among them?

- (a) State government
- (b) Panchayati raj
- (c) Union government
- (d) Legislative Assembly

Q17. A person who can be elected to the legislative assembly should be _____?

- (a) Less than 25 years of age
- (b) convicted by the court
- (b) Be a citizen of India
- (d) all of these

Q18. The Chief Minister and his council of ministers run the state administration in the name of the _____?

- (a) Speaker
- (b) Prime minister
- (b) President
- (d) Governor

Q19. The strength of the legislative council should not be more than _____ the size of the legislative assembly of that state.

- (a) one-fourth
- (b) one-third
- (c) One-sixth
- (d) one-fifth

Q20. To be a governor, a person must _____?

- (a) Be a citizen of India
- (b) be less than 30yrs of age
- (c) Be a government official
- (d) all of those